

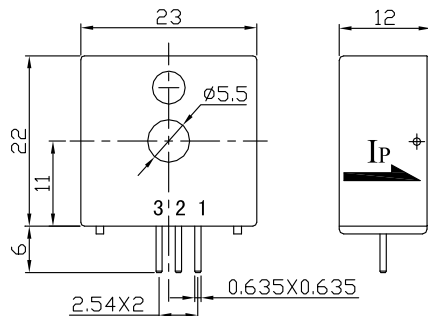


应用霍尔效应开环原理的电流传感器，能在电隔离条件下测量直流、交流、脉冲以及各种不规则波形的电流。  
Open loop current sensor based on the principle of Hall-effect. It can be used for measuring AC, DC, pulsed and mixed current.

### 电参数/Electrical characteristics

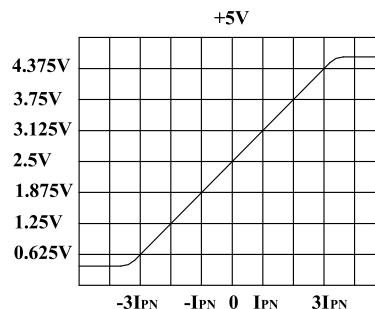
|          | 型号<br>Type                                     | FSM010GT                           | FSM020GT          | FSM025GT          | FSM040GT          |          |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|
| $I_{PN}$ | 原边额定输入电流<br>Primary nominal input current      | 10                                 | 20                | 25                | 40                | A        |
| $I_P$    | 原边电流测量范围<br>Measuring range of primary current | $0 \sim \pm 20$                    | $0 \sim \pm 40$   | $0 \sim \pm 50$   | $0 \sim \pm 80$   | A        |
| $R_M$    | 取样电阻<br>Internal measuring resistance          | $100 \pm 0.5\%$                    | $50 \pm 0.5\%$    | $50 \pm 0.5\%$    | $50 \pm 0.5\%$    | $\Omega$ |
| $V_{SN}$ | 副边额定输出电压<br>Secondary nominal output voltage   | $0.625 \pm 0.5\%$                  | $0.625 \pm 0.5\%$ | $0.625 \pm 0.5\%$ | $0.625 \pm 0.5\%$ | V        |
| $K_N$    | 匝数比<br>Conversion ratio                        | 1:1000                             | 1:1000            | 1:1000            | 1:1600            |          |
| $V_C$    | 电源电压<br>Supply voltage                         | $+5(\pm 5\%)$                      |                   |                   |                   | V        |
| $I_C$    | 电流消耗<br>Current consumption                    | $I_P=0$                            | 20                |                   |                   | mA       |
| $I_d$    | 绝缘电压<br>Insulation voltage                     | 在原边与副边电路之间 2.5kV 有效值/50Hz/1 分钟     |                   |                   |                   |          |
| $e_L$    | 线性度<br>Linearity                               | $< 0.1$                            |                   |                   |                   | %FS      |
| X        | 精度<br>Accuracy                                 | $T_A = 25^\circ C$                 | $< \pm 0.7$       |                   |                   | %        |
| $V_O$    | 零点失调电压<br>Zero offset current                  | $I_P=0 T_A = 25^\circ C$           | $2.5 \pm 1\%$     |                   |                   | V        |
| $V_{OT}$ | 失调电压温漂<br>Thermal drift of $I_O$               | $I_P=0 T_A = -25 \sim +85^\circ C$ | $< \pm 0.5$       |                   |                   | mA/°C    |
| $V_R$    | 响应时间<br>Response time                          | $< 500$                            |                   |                   |                   | ns       |
| di/dt    | 跟随精度<br>di/dt accurately followed              | $> 50$                             |                   |                   |                   | A/uS     |
| f        | 频带宽度(-1dB)<br>Frequency bandwidth(-1dB)        | DC ~ 200                           |                   |                   |                   | kHz      |
| $T_A$    | 工作环境温度<br>Ambient operating temperature        | $-25 \sim +85$                     |                   |                   |                   | °C       |
| $T_S$    | 贮存环境温度<br>Ambient storage temperature          | $-40 \sim +100$                    |                   |                   |                   | °C       |
|          | 标准<br>Standard                                 | GI/FS-0105                         |                   |                   |                   |          |

### 外形尺寸 ( mm ) /Dimensions of drawing ( mm )



引脚说明: 1:+5V 2:0V(GND) 3:VOUT  
Elucidation: 1:+5V 2:0V(GND) 3:Vout

输入电流—输出电压



### 使用说明/Remarks

- 错误的接线可能导致传感器损坏。传感器通电后，当被测电流从传感器箭头方向穿过，即可在输出端测得同相电压值。
- 可按用户需求定制不同额定输入电流和输出电压的传感器。  
·Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the sensor. VOUT is positive when the IP flows in the direction of the arrow.  
·Dynamic performance (di/dt and response time) are best with a primary bar in the center of the through-hole.